IRA Distribution Request

Use this form to request a single payment or periodic payments from your Traditional IRA, Roth IRA, SEP IRA, or Beneficiary IRA. Please print in CAPITAL LETTERS and in black ink.

Step 1: Select Your Type of IRA Distribution Choose only one



To obtain additional forms or to complete this form online, visit us at harborcapital.com.



Roth IRA

SEP IRA

Beneficiary IRA (Simplified Employee Pension)

Step 2: Account Owner Information

First Name	M.I. Last Name
Account Number	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)
Street Address or P.O. Box Number	
City	State Zip Code
Primary Telephone Number	Optional Telephone Number

Signature required in Step 8.

Step 3: Distribution Type

Reason for Distribution (choose onl	one):	
Normal	Age 59½ or older. n (Age 73 or older this calendar year).	> Note: This information enables Harbor Funds to properly report your distribution to the IRS on Form 1099-R.
Early	Under age 59½.	
Disability	Under age 59½.	
Substantially Equal Periodic Payments (SEPPS)	Establishing or making changes to a substanti payment plan should be discussed with your t	ally equal periodic ax adviser.
Return of Contribution	Excess Contributions plus their earnings must tax filing deadline for the year the contribution extensions. <i>Enter excess contribution informa</i> to Step 5 .	was made, plus any
Remove excess contribution of	\$ made on Date of (Note: Harbor will remove all earnings on this excess contribution. Contribution (mm/yyyy) If you have multiple excess contributions, provide the date of first
for Tax Year (yyyy)	to Fund Name Fur	d Number
	nd reapply as a current year contribution.	
Death	Distribution to an IRA beneficiary from an inhe	rited IRA.
Qualified Charitable Distribution (QCD) - Must be age 70 1/2 or older on or before December 31 of the year the distribution is made.	Distribution amount may not exceed \$100,000 must be made payable to a qualified charity. A Guarantee in Step 8 is required.	Der year, and request Medallion Signature Note: As a QCD, this request is not subject to tax withholding and tax withholding cannot be applied.

Step 4: Distribution Frequency & Amount

Make a one-time distribution of the amount below. After completing, skip to Step 5.

Fund Name:		Fund Number:	Amount:		
			\$	>	For Fund numbers and Fund
					names, please see the Fund List provided.
			\$		Provide additional allocation of IRA assets on a separate sheet,
			\$		if needed.
		TOTAL	\$		
 Systematically calculate and redeem my Required Minimum Distributi each year until further notice - Indicate the frequency and beginning of Frequency: Monthly 			inds IRA	>	Traditional/SEP IRAs only.
Quarterly On the day of the month beginning					
Annually Da Life Expectancy Determination	ate (n	nm/yyyy)		>	Note: Distributions are taken proportionately from each fund in your account.
If the statement below is true, the joint life expectancy of you and your spo your Required Minimum Distribution. Otherwise, the Uniform Lifetime Table My spouse is more than 10 years younger than I am and will be my sole pri- calendar year. Spouse's date of birth Date (mm/yyyy)	e may	y be used.			
Systematically redeem amount below until further notice.					
Fund Name:		Fund Number:	Amount:	>	to satisfy your required minimum distribution, you will be subject to an
			\$		IRS penalty.
			\$		
			\$		
Frequency: Monthly Quarterly On the day of the month beginning Date (m)	nm/v		\$		

Withholding Notice & Election

Federal Income Tax Withholding (Form W-4R OMB No. 1545-0074):

The distributions you receive from your Harbor Funds IRA (generally excluding Roth IRAs) are subject to a default federal tax withholding rate of 10% unless you elect not to have withholding apply (provided you have supplied Harbor Funds with a U.S. address and a correct taxpayer identification number), or you elect to have an additional amount withheld. For additional information, please refer to the attached sample IRS Form W-4R.

Regardless of your withholding election, you must pay any tax due on the taxable portion of your withdrawals. If federal tax is due, and either your estimated tax payments or the amount you have withheld is insufficient under IRS rules, you may be subject to additional taxes and/or penalties. Tax will be withheld on the gross amount of the payment even though you may be receiving amounts that are not subject to withholding because they are excludible from gross income. This withholding procedure may result in excess withholding on the payment.

Do **not** withhold federal income tax from my IRA distribution(s).

Withhold federal income tax of

% from my IRA distribution(s).

State Income Tax Withholding:

If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of **CT**, **DC**, **IA**, **KS**, **MA**, **ME**, **MN**, **NE**, or **OK**: State tax withholding is mandatory. Harbor Funds will automatically withhold the minimum required by your state unless you specify a higher amount below. Residents of CT and MN, please refer to the next page for State Income Tax Withholding Rules for more information.

If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of **AR, CA, MI, NC, OR,** or **VT**: State tax withholding is mandatory unless you specifically elect not to have tax withheld. Harbor Funds will automatically withhold the minimum required by your state unless you either check the "Do not withhold" box or specify a higher amount below.

If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of **LA**: IRA distributions are subject to state withholding only when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies a percentage. However, the percentage specified must not exceed a certain percentage of the gross payment. Please refer to the next page for State Income Tax Withholding Rules for more information.

If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of **MT**, **NJ**, or **WI**: IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. Please refer to the next page for State Income Tax Withholding Rules for your state's minimum payment amount.

If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of **MS**: State tax withholding is mandatory if your distribution is subject to the federal early withdrawal penalty. Harbor Funds will automatically withhold the minimum required by your state unless you specify a higher amount below.

If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of GA, IL, IN, LA, MD, MO, MT, NE, NJ, NM, RI, UT, VA, or WV: State tax withholding is voluntary.

Harbor Funds will use the address of record on your IRA to determine state withholding requirements. If the state listed on that account is not your legal state of residence, provide that information here.

State of Residence	; -	If other	than	that listed	on IRA	registration
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Check only one:

- Do not withhold state income tax from my IRA distributions.
- Withhold my state's minimum requirement.

Withhold m	ny state's minimum requirement, p	\$		
Withhold:	\$	or	%	1

Select one of the following:

- The above withholding elections (both State and Federal) apply to this distribution only and will not affect future distributions.
- The above withholding elections (both State and Federal) apply to this and all future distributions including any Automatic Withdrawal Plans you currently have in place.

> This change will apply to future withdrawals until further notice.

Any election made after a distribution cannot be applied retroactively to a prior distribution. If no change is made, Harbor Funds will maintain your current withholding election on file.

May enter a withholding rate between 0% and 100%.

- Please refer to Appendix A for State Income Tax Withholding Rules.
- Important: If you are not a resident of one of these states, Harbor Funds will not withhold state income tax.

 Important: We will withhold at least your state's minimum requirement.
 Options only available for one-time distribution.

If no election is made, your withholding election will apply to this distribution and all future distributions.

Step 6: Payment Method

Payable to (choose only one):		
Shareholder and send to address	of record.	
	er instructions - <i>If the electronic tran</i> t 10 business days, completion of <mark>Step</mark>	
Shareholder via Wire instructions <i>least 10 business days, completio</i>	- If the wire instructions are not on a n of <mark>Step 7</mark> and a Medallion Signatu	file, or have not been on file for at r e Guarantee in Step 8 are required.
	-retirement account - <i>If you are not a</i> assets, a Medallion Signature Guara	
Account Number	Fund Name	Number
Alternate payee and/or address - following address. A Medallion S	Make check payable to the following ignature Guarantee in Step 8 is requi	g payee, and/or send to the ired.
First Name	M.I. Last Name	
Street Address		
City	State	Zip Code
Daytime Telephone Number	Evening Telephone Number	
Qualified Charity - Make check particular A Medallion Signature Guarantee	ayable to the following charity and se a in <mark>Step 8</mark> is required.	and to the following address.
Name of Qualified Charity		
For the Benefit of/Attention To		
Street Address		
City	State	Zip Code
		1

Step 7: Provide Your Banking Information If applicable

ABA Routing Number

Your Bank Account Number

There will be a 10 business day hold on the use of this information for redemptions once it has been added or replaced, unless accompanied by a **Medallion Signature Guarantee** in **Step 8**.

Wire (for redemptions):						
Add new instructions	Replace instructi	ions already on file			>	Complete this Step if you wish to add/change wire instructions on your account.
ABA Routing Number (9 digits)		Bank Account Number				
Bank Name						
Name(s) on Bank Account For further credit to (if applicabl	e):					
	·					
Bank Account Number		Name(s) on Bank Accou	unt			
Please note: Your bank must be a r Confirm with your bank before con Electronic Transfer (for reder	npleting this form.	serve System and may h	nave very specific wire	instructions.		
Add new instructions	Replace instruct	ions already on file			>	Complete this Step if you wish to add/change electronic transfer instructions on your account.
ABA Routing Number (9 digits)		Bank Account Number				
Bank Name						
Name(s) on Bank Account			Account Type (Che	ck one):] Savings		
Please note: Your banking instituti very specific instructions. Confirm				nd may have		
John Shareholder Mary Shareholder 123 Main St. Anywhere, USA 12345				8506		
Pay to the order of	VO	D	\$ _	DOLLARS	>	If you selected Account Type Checking for electronic transfer, a voided check must be taped to the space
MEMO	SI	GNED				provided. Otherwise, there could be a delay in setting up these instructions.
c123456789c	a12345678987352	264351a	8506			

Check Number

Step 8: Signature & Certification

Sign below:

I certify that the information provided on this form is true and correct and may be relied on by the Custodian and Shareholder Services Agent. I have received a copy of the Withholding Notice Information. I understand that this transaction may be subject to fees, taxes and/or penalties. If I choose to calculate earnings on an excess contribution, due to the important tax consequences of this transaction, I agree to consult and obtain the appropriate legal and tax advice necessary to make the proper elections and calculations regarding this distribution request. I understand that if I am electing yearly distributions, I may submit my written request each year for the duration of the payout or elect the automatic withdrawal of distributions to continue until I submit a written request to discontinue or change the automatic withdrawal. Neither the Custodian nor the Shareholder Services Agent has provided me with any legal or tax advice and I assume full responsibility for this transaction. I will not hold the Custodian nor the Shareholder Services Agent liable for any adverse consequences that may result from this transaction.

Owner/Authorized Person Sign Below:

×		
	Signature	

Medallion Signature Guarantee Stamp - If applicable

Mail completed form to:

Standard Mail

Harbor Funds P.O. Box 804660 Chicago, IL 60680-4108

Overnight Delivery

Harbor Funds 111 South Wacker Drive, 34th Floor Chicago, IL 60606-4302

Appendix A: State Income Tax Withholding Rules

General Rules:

In most cases, state withholding applies to state residents only. In Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, and Wisconsin, state withholding also applies to individuals required to file a state tax return in that state.

Financial organizations are required to offer state withholding for states in which they have a presence. Financial organizations that conduct business in a state in which they do not have a physical presence should review the withholding regulations in those states to determine if they are also required to comply with those states' withholding requirements.

If a state withholding election is not made and state withholding is required, state tax will be withheld.

A state withholding election may be changed at any time and will apply to payments made after the change.

State Specific Rules:

ARKANSAS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

CALIFORNIA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 10% of the amount of federal withholding, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

CONNECTICUT. Taxable lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment. Any other taxable distribution from an IRA is subject to state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form CT-W4P. Form CT-W4P may be obtained from the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. Lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 8.95% of the gross payment, except for any aftertax amount in a lump-sum distribution or a trustee to trustee transfer between IRAs.

IOWA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment.

KANSAS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

LOUISIANA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding only when the IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies a percentage not to exceed 4.8% of the gross payment.

MAINE. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from that payment.

MASSACHUSETTS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment. (Exception: A payment is not subject to state withholding if it is excluded from taxation under Massachusetts law.)

MICHIGAN. Any taxable distribution from an IRA received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born after December 31, 1945, is subject to state withholding at 4.25% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form MI W-4P. Withholding also applies to any taxable distributions received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born before 1946 that exceeds certain income thresholds. Withholding is not required on qualified distributions from Roth IRAs. Form MI W-4P may be obtained from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

MINNESOTA. IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding. The IRA owner must furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP to make a withholding election or to elect no state withholding. If the IRA owner fails to furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP, the financial organization must withhold state tax as if the IRA owner is single with zero withholding allowances. Form W-4MNP may be obtained from the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

MISSOURI. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 4.8% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state witholding.

MONTANA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if it would result in a net payment of less than \$10.

NEBRASKA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

NEW JERSEY. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. The IRA owner must specify an even dollar amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$10 (per payment).

NORTH CAROLINA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 4.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form NC-4P. Form NC-4P may be obtained from the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

OKLAHOMA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

OREGON. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 8.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

VERMONT. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

WISCONSIN. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$5 (per payment).



Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments and Eligible Rollover Distributions

OMB No. 1545-0074

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Give Form W-4R to the payer of your retirement payments.



 1a First name and middle initial
 Last name
 1b Social security number

 Accress
 Accress
 1b Social security number

CITATION CONTRACTOR ON IS FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

Your withholding rate is determined by the type of payment you will receive.

• For nonperiodic payments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% and 100% on line 2. Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.

• For an eligible rollover distribution, the default withholding rate is 20%. You can choose a rate greater than 20% by entering the rate on line 2. You may not choose a rate less than 20%.

See page 2 for more information.

2	Complete this line if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See the instructions on page 2 and the Marginal Rate Tables below for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals)	2	%
Sign Here	Your signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.) Date		

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to *www.irs.gov/FormW4R*.

Purpose of form. Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment or eligible rollover distribution from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See page 2 for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment. Don't use Form W-4R for periodic payments (payments made in installments at regular

intervals over a period of more than 1 year) from these plans or arrangements. Instead, use Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Periodic Pension or Annuity Payments. For more information on withholding, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Caution: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

2024 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See page 2 for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married filing separately			filing jointly or urviving spouse	Head of household		
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%	
14,600	10%	29,200	10%	21,900	10%	
26,200	12%	52,400	12%	38,450	12%	
61,750	22 %	123,500	22%	85,000	22%	
115,125	24%	230,250	24%	122,400	24%	
206,550	32%	413,100	32%	213,850	32%	
258,325	35%	516,650	35%	265,600	35%	
623,950*	37%	760,400	37%	631,250	37%	

* If married filing separately, use \$380,200 instead for this 37% rate.

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 3.

General Instructions (continued)

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments **unless** you enter a different rate on line 2. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" on line 2. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.

Note: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2024, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Eligible rollover distributions-20% withholding.

Distributions you receive from qualified retirement plans (for example, 401(k) plans and section 457(b) plans maintained by a governmental employer) or tax-sheltered annuities that are eligible to be rolled over to an IRA or qualified plan are subject to a 20% default rate of withholding on the taxable amount of the distribution. You can't choose withholding at a rate of less than 20% (including "-0-"). Note that the default rate of withholding may be too low for your tax situation. You may choose to enter a rate higher than 20% on line 2. Don't give Form W-4R to your payer unless you want more than 20% withheld.

Note that the following payments are **not** eligible rollover distributions for purposes of these withholding rules:

• Qualifying "hardship" distributions;

• Distributions required by federal law, such as required minimum distributions;

- Generally, distributions from a pension-linked emergency savings account;
- Eligible distributions to a domestic abuse victim;
- Qualified disaster recovery distributions;
- · Qualified birth or adoption distributions; and
- Emergency personal expense distributions.

See Pub. 505 for details. See also *Nonperiodic payments* – 10% withholding above.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" on line 2. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Specific Instructions

Line 1b

For an estate, enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Social security number."

Line 2

More withholding. If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate on line 2.

Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate on line 2 (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables on page 1 to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate on line 2. (See *Example 1* below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate on line 2. (See *Example 2* below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate on line 2.

Examples. Assume the following facts for *Examples 1* and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

Example 1. You expect your total income to be \$62,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$62,000, is greater than \$61,750 but less than \$115,125, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$82,000, is greater than \$61,750 but less than \$115,125, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" on line 2.

Example 2. You expect your total income to be \$43,700 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$43,700, is greater than \$26,200 but less than \$61,750, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$63,700, is

greater than \$61,750 but less than \$115,125, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$18,050 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$61,750 less your total income of \$43,700 without the payment), and \$1,950 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$18,050 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$18,050 by 12% to get \$2,166. Multiply \$1,950 by 22% to get \$429. The sum of these two amounts is \$2,595. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 13% of the \$20,000 payment (\$2,595 divided by \$20,000). Enter "13" on line 2.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request additional federal income tax withholding from your nonperiodic payment(s) or eligible rollover distribution(s); (b) choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your nonperiodic payment(s), when permitted; or (c) change a previous Form W-4R (or a previous Form W-4P that you completed with respect to your nonperiodic payments or eligible rollover distributions). To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your payment(s) being subject to the default rate; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

	RETIREMENT CLASS		INSTITUTIONAL CLASS		ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS		INVESTOR CLASS	
Domestic Equity	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker
Capital Appreciation Fund	2512	HNACX	2012	HACAX	2212	HRCAX	2412	HCAIX
Disruptive Innovation Fund	2519	HNMGX	2019	HAMGX	2219	HRMGX	2419	HIMGX
Large Cap Value Fund	2513	HNLVX	2013	HAVLX	2213	HRLVX	2413	HILVX
Mid Cap Fund	2546	HMCRX	2046	HMCLX	2246	HMCDX	2446	HMCNX
Mid Cap Value Fund	2523	HNMVX	2023	HAMVX	2223	HRMVX	2423	HIMVX
Small Cap Growth Fund	2510	HNSGX	2010	HASGX	2210	HRSGX	2410	HISGX
Small Cap Value Fund*	2522	HNVRX	2022	HASCX	2222	HSVRX	2422	HISVX

International & Clabal	RETIREMENT CLASS		INSTITUTIONAL CLASS		ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS		INVESTOR CLASS	
International & Global	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker
Diversified International All Cap Fund	2538	HNIDX	2038	HAIDX	2238	HRIDX	2438	HIIDX
International Fund	2511	HNINX	2011	HAINX	2211	HRINX	2411	HIINX
International Compounders Fund	2549	HNICX	2049	HSICX	N/A	N/A	2449	HVICX
International Core Fund	2544	HAORX	2044	HAOSX	2244	HAOAX	2444	HAONX
International Small Cap Fund	2539	HNISX	2039	HAISX	2239	HRISX	2439	HIISX

Fixed Income	RETIREMENT CLASS		INSTITUTIONAL CLASS		ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS		INVESTOR CLASS	
	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker
Convertible Securities Fund	2534	HNCVX	2034	HACSX	2234	HRCSX	2434	HICSX
Core Bond Fund	2543	HCBRX	2043	HACBX	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Core Plus Fund	2514	HBFRX	2014	HABDX	2214	HRBDX	N/A	N/A

*Effective at 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on Tuesday, June 1, 2021, Harbor Small Cap Value Fund will be closed to new investors subject to limited exceptions. Please see the additional information in the Prospectus regarding the closing parameters for the Fund in "How to Purchase Shares."

Investors should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of a Harbor fund before investing. A summary prospectus or prospectus for this and other information is available at harborcapital.com or by calling 800-422-1050. Read it carefully before investing.

Each of the Harbor funds have multiple classes of shares, with each class representing an interest in the same portfolio of investments. However, the Funds' separate share classes have different expenses and, as a result, their investment performances will differ. When choosing a share class, you should consider the factors below:

RETIREMENT CLASS	Retirement Class shares are available to individual and institutional investors.						
	No 12b-1 fee and no intermediary fee of any kind paid by any Fund						
	Transfer agent fee of up to 0.02% of average daily net assets						
	\$1,000,000 minimum investment in each Fund						
INSTITUTIONAL CLASS	Institutional Class shares are available to individual and institutional investors.						
	No 12b-1 fee						
	Transfer agent fee of up to 0.10% of average daily net assets						
	 \$50,000 minimum investment in each Domestic Equity Fund and International and Global Equity Fund \$1,000 minimum investment in each Fixed Income Fund 						
ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS	Harbor Core Bond Fund and Harbor International Compounders Fund do not offer Administrative Class shares. Administrative Class shares are available only to employer-sponsored retirement or benefit plans and other non-retirement accounts maintained by financial intermediaries. Employer-sponsored retirement and benefit plans include: (i) plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 401(a), 403(b) or 457, (ii) profit-sharing plans, cash balance plans and money purchase pension plans, (iii) non-qualified deferred compensation plans, and (iv) retiree health benefit plans. Administrative Class shares are not available through personal plans, such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs), SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or individual 403(b) plans, unless investing through an account maintained by a financial intermediary.						
	12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets						
	Transfer agent fee of up to 0.10% of average daily net assets						
	 \$50,000 minimum investment in each Fund for accounts maintained by financial intermediaries No minimum investment for employer-sponsored retirement or benefit plans 						
INVESTOR CLASS	 Harbor Core Bond Fund and Harbor Core Plus Fund do not offer Investor Class shares. Investor Class shares are available to individual and institutional investors. 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets Transfer agent fee of up to 0.21% of average daily net assets \$2,500 minimum investment in each Fund for regular accounts \$1,000 minimum investment in each Fund for IRA and UTMA/UGMA accounts 						

Meeting the minimum investment for a share class means you have purchased and maintained shares with a value at the time of purchase that is at least equal to that minimum investment amount. Redemptions out of your account can cause your account to fail to meet the minimum investment amount requirement. Changes in the market value of your account alone will not cause your account to either meet the minimum investment amount or fall below the minimum investment amount.

DISTRIBUTION AND SERVICE (12b-1) FEES

Harbor Funds has adopted a distribution plan for each Fund's Administrative and Investor Classes of shares in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Under each plan, the Funds pay distribution and service fees to Harbor Funds Distributors, Inc. (the "Distributor") for the sale, distribution and servicing of the Administrative and Investor Class shares. All or a substantial portion of these fees are paid to financial intermediaries, such as broker-dealers, banks and trust companies, that maintain accounts in Harbor Funds for their customers. Because the Funds pay these fees out of the Administrative and Investor Class assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in Administrative and Investor Class shares and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

TRANSFER AGENT FEES

The Funds pay Harbor Services Group, Inc. ("Shareholder Services") transfer agent fees (specified above) on a per-class basis for its services as shareholder servicing agent for each Fund. For each class except for the Retirement Class of shares, Shareholder Services uses a portion of these fees to pay unaffiliated financial intermediaries for providing certain recordkeeping, subaccounting and/or similar services to shareholders who hold their shares through accounts that are maintained by the financial intermediaries. These fees may consist of per fund or per sub-account charges that are assessed on a periodic basis (i.e., quarterly) and/or an asset based fee that is determined based upon the value of the assets maintained by the financial intermediary.