

Roth IRA Conversion

Use this form to authorize a conversion from a Harbor Funds Traditional IRA into a new or existing Harbor Funds Roth IRA. If you have not already established a Harbor Funds Roth IRA, you must also complete the IRA Account Application. Please print in CAPITAL LETTERS and in black ink.

Questions?

Call 800-422-1050

To obtain additional forms or to complete this form online, visit us at **harborcapital.com**.

Step 1: Account Owner Information

Account Owner:	
First Name	M.I. Last Name
Social Security Number	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)
Street Address or P.O. Box Number	
City	State Zip Code
Daytime Telephone Number Evening Telepho	one Number

Step 2: Account Information for Conversion

IRA Account Number for Conversion:		
Harbor Funds Traditional or SEP IRA account number	>	A conversion is a taxable event. You should seek tax
то:		advice before you authorize this conversion.
Harbor Funds Roth IRA account number (if established)		

Step 3: Select Your IRA Conversion Assets

Fund Name:	Number:	Amount:			
		\$	or %		For Fund numbers, Fund names, and minimum initial
		\$	or %		investment amounts, please see the Fund List provided.
			or %		Provide additional allocation
		\$			of IRA assets on a separate sheet, if needed.
	TOTAL	\$	or %		
Ston 4: Withholding Notice 8: Floor	tion				
Step 4: Withholding Notice & Elec	uon				
Federal Income Tax Withholding (Form W-4R OMB No. 1545	-0074):				
The distributions you receive from your Harbor Funds IRA (genera					TI: 1
tax withholding rate of 10% unless you elect not to have withho with a U.S. address and a correct taxpayer identification numbe				>	This change will apply to futur withdrawals until further notic
For additional information, please refer to the attached sample l	RS Form W-4R.				Any election made after a
Regardless of your withholding election, you must pay any tax du tax is due, and either your estimated tax payments or the amount					distribution cannot be applied retroactively to a prior distribut
may be subject to additional taxes and/or penalties. Tax will be wi	ithheld on the gro	ss amount of the pay	ment even though		If no change is made, Harbor
you may be receiving amounts that are not subject to withholdin withholding procedure may result in excess withholding on the	ig because they a payment.	re excludible from g	ross income. This		Funds will maintain your currei withholding election on file.
Do not withhold federal income tax from my IRA distribution	(s).				
	ny IRA distribution	n(s)			May enter a withholding rate between 0% and 100%.
Within the test of	וץ וווא מוסנווטמנוטו	1(3).			
State Income Tax Withholding:					
If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of CT, DC, IA, KS, MA	A, ME, MN, NE, o	OK: State tax withho	lding is mandatory.		
Harbor Funds will automatically withhold the minimum required b Residents of CT and MN, please refer to Appendix A for more info	oy your state unle ormation on State	ss you specify a high Income Tax Withho	her amount below. Iding Rules.		Please refer to Appendix A for
If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of AR, CA, MI, N you specifically elect not to have tax withheld. Harbor Funds wil	C, OR, or VT : Stat	e tax withholding is	mandatory unless		State Income Tax Withholding Rules.
state unless you either check the "Do not withhold" box or spec	ify a higher amou	int below.	irroquirou by your		
If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of LA : IRA distr IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies a percentage	e. However, the \hat{p}	ercentage specified	I must not exceed		Important: If you are not a resident of one of these states,
a certain percentage of the gross payment. Please refer to the more information.	next page for St	ate Income Tax Witl	hholding Rules for		Harbor Funds will not withhold state income tax.
If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of MT, NJ, or WI : an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amour					otato moomo tax.
Withholding Rules for your state's minimum payment amount.	it. Fledse lelel t	o the next page for	State income rax		
If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of MS : State tax to the federal early withdrawal penalty. Harbor Funds will autor	withholding is matically withhol	andatory if your dist	ribution is subject		
unless you specify a higher amount below.	·	·			
If federal tax is withheld and you are a resident of GA, IL, IN, LA, withholding is voluntary.	MD, MO, MT, NI	E, NJ, NM, RI, UT, VA	A, or WV : State tax		
Harbor Funds will use the address of record on your IRA to deter on that account is not your legal state of residence, provide tha	mine state withh	olding requirements	. If the state listed		Important: We will withhold
on that decount is not your legal state of residence, provide that	t iiiioiiiiatioii iici	o.			at least your state's minimum requirement.
State of Residence - If other than that listed on IRA registra	tion				•
Check only one:					
Do not withhold state income tax from my IRA distributions.					
☐ Withhold my state's minimum requirement.					
☐ Withhold my state's minimum requirement, plus this addition	al amount: \$				
☐ Withhold: S or	%				

Step 5: Authorization to Convert

Signature:

I authorize and request Harbor Funds to make the requested distribution from my Harbor Funds Traditional or SEP IRA and the conversion contribution to my Harbor Funds Roth IRA. I hereby agree to indemnify Harbor Funds and the Shareholder Services Agent (its agents, affiliates, successors, and employees) from any and all liability in the event I fail to meet any of the IRS requirements.

I understand that I may be subject to income taxes on the amount converted from my Traditional or SEP IRA to a Harbor Funds Roth IRA to the extent that the converted amount is includable in my income (i.e., any tax-deductible contributions, pre-tax contributions and any earnings).

If I am over age 73, I attest that I have satisfied (or will satisfy) the IRS minimum distribution requirements for the current year pursuant to Section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to my IRA.

I hereby irrevocably designate this contribution of the funds indicated above as a conversion contribution.

>	iiis agreement wiii become
	effective upon acceptance by
	the Custodian as evidenced
	by a confirmation statement
	to the shareholder after an
	initial investment is made

Signature of Owner/Custodian	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

Mail completed form to:

Chicago, IL 60680-4108

Standard Mail Overnight Delivery Harbor Funds Harbor Funds P.O. Box 804660 111 South Wacker Drive, 34th Floor

Chicago, IL 60606-4302

Apendix A: State Income Tax Withholding Rules

General Rules:

In most cases, state withholding applies to state residents only. In Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, and Wisconsin, state withholding also applies to individuals required to file a state tax return in that state.

Financial organizations are required to offer state withholding for states in which they have a presence. Financial organizations that conduct business in a state in which they do not have a physical presence should review the withholding regulations in those states to determine if they are also required to comply with those states' withholding requirements.

If a state withholding election is not made and state withholding is required, state tax will be withheld.

A state withholding election may be changed at any time and will apply to payments made after the change.

State Specific Rules:

ARKANSAS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

CALIFORNIA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 1.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

CONNECTICUT. Taxable lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment. Any other taxable distribution from an IRA is subject to state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form CT-W4P. Form CT-W4P may be obtained from the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. Lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 8.95% of the gross payment, except for any aftertax amount in a lump-sum distribution or a trustee to trustee transfer between IRAs.

IOWA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment.

KANSAS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

LOUISIANA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding only when the IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies a percentage not to exceed 4.8% of the gross payment.

MAINE. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from that payment.

MASSACHUSETTS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment. (Exception: A payment is not subject to state withholding if it is excluded from taxation under Massachusetts law.)

MICHIGAN. Any taxable distribution from an IRA received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born after December 31, 1945, is subject to state withholding at 4.25% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form MI W-4P. Withholding also applies to any taxable distributions received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born before 1946 that exceeds certain income thresholds. Withholding is not required on qualified distributions from Roth IRAs. Form MI W-4P may be obtained from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

MINNESOTA. IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding. The IRA owner must furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP to make a withholding election or to elect no state withholding. If the IRA owner fails to furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP, the financial organization must withhold state tax as if the IRA owner is single with zero withholding allowances. Form W-4MNP may be obtained from the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

MISSOURI. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.4% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state witholding.

MONTANA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if it would result in a net payment of less than \$10.

NEBRASKA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

NEW JERSEY. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. The IRA owner must specify an even dollar amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$10 (per payment).

NORTH CAROLINA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 4.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form NC-4P. Form NC-4P may be obtained from the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

OKLAHOMA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

OREGON. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 8.0% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

VERMONT. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

WISCONSIN. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$5 (per payment).



Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments and Eligible Rollover Distributions

Give Form W-4R to the payer of your retirement payments.

OMB No. 1545-0074

1a First name and middle initial

Last name

1b Social security number

DO NOT COMPLETE OR RETURN.

CITED TO BE SERVIS FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

Your withholding rate is determined by the type of payment you will receive.

- For nonperiodic payments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% and 100% on line 2. Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.
- For an eligible rollover distribution, the default withholding rate is 20%. You can choose a rate greater than 20% by entering the rate on line 2. You may not choose a rate less than 20%.

See page 2 for more information.

2 Complete this line if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See the instructions on page 2 and the Marginal Rate Tables below for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals)



Sign Here

Your signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.)

Date

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4R.

Purpose of form. Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment or eligible rollover distribution from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See page 2 for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment. Don't use Form W-4R for periodic payments (payments made in installments at regular

intervals over a period of more than 1 year) from these plans or arrangements. Instead, use Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Periodic Pension or Annuity Payments. For more information on withholding, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Caution: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

2024 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See page 2 for more information on how to use this table.

	Single or ling separately		filing jointly or urviving spouse	Head of household	
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—			Tax rate for every dollar more
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
14,600	10%	29,200	10%	21,900	10%
26,200	12%	52,400	12%	38,450	12%
61,750	22%	123,500	22%	85,000	22%
115,125	24%	230,250	24%	122,400	24%
206,550	32%	413,100	32%	213,850	32%
258,325	35%	516,650	35%	265,600	35 %
623,950*	37%	760,400	37%	631,250	37%

^{*}If married filing separately, use \$380,200 instead for this 37% rate.

Form W-4R (2024)

General Instructions (continued)

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments unless you enter a different rate on line 2. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" on line 2. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.

Note: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2024, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Eligible rollover distributions-20% withholding.

Distributions you receive from qualified retirement plans (for example, 401(k) plans and section 457(b) plans maintained by a governmental employer) or tax-sheltered annuities that are eligible to be rolled over to an IRA or qualified plan are subject to a 20% default rate of withholding on the taxable amount of the distribution. You can't choose withholding at a rate of less than 20% (including "-0-"). Note that the default rate of withholding may be too low for your tax situation. You may choose to enter a rate higher than 20% on line 2. Don't give Form W-4R to your payer unless you want more than 20% withheld.

Note that the following payments are **not** eligible rollover distributions for purposes of these withholding rules:

- · Qualifying "hardship" distributions;
- Distributions required by federal law, such as required minimum distributions;
- Generally, distributions from a pension-linked emergency savings account;
- Eligible distributions to a domestic abuse victim;
- Qualified disaster recovery distributions;
- · Qualified birth or adoption distributions; and
- Emergency personal expense distributions.

See Pub. 505 for details. See also *Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding* above.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" on line 2. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Specific Instructions

Line 1b

For an estate, enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Social security number."

Line 2

More withholding. If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate on line 2

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Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate on line 2 (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables on page 1 to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate on line 2. (See *Example 2* below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate on line 2.

Examples. Assume the following facts for *Examples 1* and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

Example 1. You expect your total income to be \$62,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$62,000, is greater than \$61,750 but less than \$115,125, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$82,000, is greater than \$61,750 but less than \$115,125, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" on line 2.

Example 2. You expect your total income to be \$43,700 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$43,700, is greater than \$26,200 but less than \$61,750, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$63,700, is

Form W-4R (2024)

greater than \$61,750 but less than \$115,125, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$18,050 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$61,750 less your total income of \$43,700 without the payment), and \$1,950 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$18,050 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$18,050 by 12% to get \$2,166. Multiply \$1,950 by 22% to get \$429. The sum of these two amounts is \$2,595. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 13% of the \$20,000 payment (\$2,595 divided by \$20,000). Enter "13" on line 2.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request additional federal income tax withholding from your nonperiodic payment(s) or eligible rollover distribution(s); (b) choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your nonperiodic payment(s), when permitted; or (c) change a previous Form W-4R (or a previous Form W-4P that you completed with respect to your nonperiodic payments or eligible rollover distributions). To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s).

Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your payment(s) being subject to the default rate; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

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Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.



Domestic Equity	RETIREMEN	RETIREMENT CLASS		INSTITUTIONAL CLASS		ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS		INVESTOR CLASS	
	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	
Capital Appreciation Fund	2512	HNACX	2012	HACAX	2212	HRCAX	2412	HCAIX	
Disruptive Innovation Fund	2519	HNMGX	2019	HAMGX	2219	HRMGX	2419	HIMGX	
Large Cap Value Fund	2513	HNLVX	2013	HAVLX	2213	HRLVX	2413	HILVX	
Mid Cap Fund	2546	HMCRX	2046	HMCLX	2246	HMCDX	2446	HMCNX	
Mid Cap Value Fund	2523	HNMVX	2023	HAMVX	2223	HRMVX	2423	HIMVX	
Small Cap Growth Fund	2510	HNSGX	2010	HASGX	2210	HRSGX	2410	HISGX	
Small Cap Value Fund*	2522	HNVRX	2022	HASCX	2222	HSVRX	2422	HISVX	

International & Global	RETIREMENT CLASS		INSTITUTIONAL CLASS		ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS		INVESTOR CLASS	
	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker
Diversified International All Cap Fund	2538	HNIDX	2038	HAIDX	2238	HRIDX	2438	HIIDX
International Fund	2511	HNINX	2011	HAINX	2211	HRINX	2411	HIINX
International Compounders Fund	2549	HNICX	2049	HSICX	N/A	N/A	2449	HVICX
International Core Fund	2544	HAORX	2044	HAOSX	2244	HA0AX	2444	HAONX
International Small Cap Fund	2539	HNISX	2039	HAISX	2239	HRISX	2439	HIISX

Fixed Income	RETIREMENT CLASS		INSTITUTIONAL CLASS		ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS		INVESTOR CLASS	
	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker	Fund Number	Ticker
Convertible Securities Fund	2534	HNCVX	2034	HACSX	2234	HRCSX	2434	HICSX
Core Bond Fund	2543	HCBRX	2043	HACBX	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Core Plus Fund	2514	HBFRX	2014	HABDX	2214	HRBDX	N/A	N/A

*Effective at 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on Tuesday, June 1, 2021, Harbor Small Cap Value Fund will be closed to new investors subject to limited exceptions. Please see the additional information in the Prospectus regarding the closing parameters for the Fund in "How to Purchase Shares."

Investors should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of a Harbor fund before investing. A summary prospectus or prospectus for this and other information is available at harborcapital.com or by calling 800-422-1050. Read it carefully before investing.



Each of the Harbor funds have multiple classes of shares, with each class representing an interest in the same portfolio of investments. However, the Funds' separate share classes have different expenses and, as a result, their investment performances will differ. When choosing a share class, you should consider the factors below:

RETIREMENT CLASS

Retirement Class shares are available to individual and institutional investors.

- No 12b-1 fee and no intermediary fee of any kind paid by any Fund
- Transfer agent fee of up to 0.02% of average daily net assets
- \$1,000,000 minimum investment in each Fund

INSTITUTIONAL CLASS

Institutional Class shares are available to individual and institutional investors.

- No 12b-1 fee
- Transfer agent fee of up to 0.10% of average daily net assets
- \$50,000 minimum investment in each Domestic Equity Fund and International and Global Equity Fund
- \$1,000 minimum investment in each Fixed Income Fund

ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS

Harbor Core Bond Fund and Harbor International Compounders Fund do not offer Administrative Class shares. Administrative Class shares are available only to employer-sponsored retirement or benefit plans and other non-retirement accounts maintained by financial intermediaries. Employer-sponsored retirement and benefit plans include: (i) plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 401(a), 403(b) or 457, (ii) profit-sharing plans, cash balance plans and money purchase pension plans, (iii) non-qualified deferred compensation plans, and (iv) retiree health benefit plans. Administrative Class shares are not available through personal plans, such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs), SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or individual 403(b) plans, unless investing through an account maintained by a financial intermediary.

- 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets
- Transfer agent fee of up to 0.10% of average daily net assets
- \$50,000 minimum investment in each Fund for accounts maintained by financial intermediaries
- No minimum investment for employer-sponsored retirement or benefit plans

INVESTOR CLASS

Harbor Core Bond Fund and Harbor Core Plus Fund do not offer Investor Class shares. Investor Class shares are available to individual and institutional investors.

- 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets
- Transfer agent fee of up to 0.21% of average daily net assets
- \$2,500 minimum investment in each Fund for regular accounts
- \$1,000 minimum investment in each Fund for IRA and UTMA/UGMA accounts

Meeting the minimum investment for a share class means you have purchased and maintained shares with a value at the time of purchase that is at least equal to that minimum investment amount. Redemptions out of your account can cause your account to fail to meet the minimum investment amount requirement. Changes in the market value of your account alone will not cause your account to either meet the minimum investment amount or fall below the minimum investment amount.

DISTRIBUTION AND SERVICE (12b-1) FEES

Harbor Funds has adopted a distribution plan for each Fund's Administrative and Investor Classes of shares in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Under each plan, the Funds pay distribution and service fees to Harbor Funds Distributors, Inc. (the "Distributor") for the sale, distribution and servicing of the Administrative and Investor Class shares. All or a substantial portion of these fees are paid to financial intermediaries, such as broker-dealers, banks and trust companies, that maintain accounts in Harbor Funds for their customers. Because the Funds pay these fees out of the Administrative and Investor Class assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in Administrative and Investor Class shares and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

TRANSFER AGENT FEES

The Funds pay Harbor Services Group, Inc. ("Shareholder Services") transfer agent fees (specified above) on a per-class basis for its services as shareholder servicing agent for each Fund. For each class except for the Retirement Class of shares, Shareholder Services uses a portion of these fees to pay unaffiliated financial intermediaries for providing certain recordkeeping, subaccounting and/or similar services to shareholders who hold their shares through accounts that are maintained by the financial intermediaries. These fees may consist of per fund or per sub-account charges that are assessed on a periodic basis (i.e., quarterly) and/or an asset based fee that is determined based upon the value of the assets maintained by the financial intermediary.